

White Pine Charter School

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Audited Financial Statements



WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
White Pine Charter School

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of White Pine Charter School (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities section of our report, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the School, as of June 30, 2025, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on All Other Opinion Units Described Below

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to the Qualified Opinion on the Governmental Activities

Management has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB 75 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require recognition and measurement of an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to the other postemployment benefits as well as note disclosures and required supplementary information. The amount by which the departure would affect net position, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, expenses, note disclosures, and required supplementary information has not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of employer's share of net pension asset and liability and schedule of employer contributions listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not included the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by not including this information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and bond covenant ratios are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and bond covenant ratios are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 6, 2025, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Meridian, Idaho
August 6, 2025

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash & Investments	\$3,427,131
Receivables:	
State Sources	293,436
Federal Sources	83,327
RPA Receivable, Current	16,000
Prepaid Expenses	2,689
Total Current Assets	<u>3,822,583</u>
Noncurrent Assets	
RPA Receivable, Noncurrent	324,000
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	906,242
Depreciable/Amortizable Net Capital Assets	12,945,422
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>14,175,664</u>
Total Assets	<u>17,998,247</u>
 Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension Items	859,914
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>859,914</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u><u>\$18,858,161</u></u>
 Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$185,409
Salaries & Benefits Payable	505,542
Unspent Grant Allocation	15,495
Accrued Interest	145,351
Long-Term Liabilities, Current	(10,400)
Total Current Liabilities	<u>841,397</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Long-Term Liabilities, Noncurrent	17,245,817
Total Liabilities	<u>18,087,214</u>
 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Items	42,450
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>42,450</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>18,129,664</u>
 Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(1,190,487)
Restricted:	
Special Programs	287,492
Debt Service	1,122,571
Capital Projects	0
Unrestricted	508,921
Total Net Position	<u>728,497</u>
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resource and Net Position	<u><u>\$18,858,161</u></u>

See Accompanying Notes

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL

Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes in Net Position
		Charges For Services	Operating Grants And Contributions	Capital Grants And Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instructional Programs					
Elementary School	\$1,476,316		\$150,133		(\$1,326,183)
Secondary School	804,777				(804,777)
Special Education	903,665		711,191		(192,474)
Special Education Preschool	1,834		1,834		0
Gifted & Talented	0				0
School Activity	27,241				(27,241)
Support Service Programs					
Attendance - Guidance - Health	18,293		18,293		0
Instruction Improvement	30,454		30,454		0
Instruction-Related Technology	101,307		103,873		2,566
Books and Periodicals	29,641				(29,641)
Board of Education	19,139				(19,139)
District Administration	31,607				(31,607)
School Administration	930,117				(930,117)
Business Operation	9,078				(9,078)
Administrative Technology	0				0
Buildings - Care	269,529				(269,529)
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	0				0
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment	72,960				(72,960)
Maintenance - Grounds	23,989				(23,989)
Security	14,424				(14,424)
Pupil-To-School Transportation	282,757				(282,757)
Non-Instructional Programs					
Child Nutrition	339,381	\$83,172	203,274		(52,935)
Student Activity	83,910	241,802			157,892
Capital Assets	316,084				(316,084)
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0				0
Debt Service - Principal	0				0
Debt Service - Interest	918,463				(918,463)
Total	<u>\$6,704,966</u>	<u>\$324,974</u>	<u>\$1,219,052</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>(5,160,940)</u>
General Revenues					
Local Revenue					677,355
State Revenue					5,573,676
Federal Revenue					0
Pension Revenue (Expense)					(588,749)
Total					<u>5,662,282</u>
Change in Net Position					501,342
Net Position - Beginning					<u>227,155</u>
Net Position - Ending					<u><u>\$728,497</u></u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL

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Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Bond R & I Fund	Capital Construction Fund
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$1,945,464	\$49,411	\$1,122,571	
Receivables:				
State Sources	293,436			
Federal Sources				
Prepaid Expenditures				
Due From Other Funds	67,832			
Total Assets	<u>\$2,306,732</u>	<u>\$49,411</u>	<u>\$1,122,571</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$184,449			
Due To Other Funds				
Salaries & Benefits Payable	432,209	\$14,342		
Unspent Grant Allocation				
Total Liabilities	<u>616,658</u>	<u>14,342</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Restricted:				
Special Programs		35,069		
Debt Service			1,122,571	
Capital Projects				
Unassigned	1,690,074			
Total Fund Balances	<u>1,690,074</u>	<u>35,069</u>	<u>1,122,571</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$2,306,732</u>	<u>\$49,411</u>	<u>\$1,122,571</u>	<u>\$0</u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

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	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets		
Cash & Investments	\$309,685	\$3,427,131
Receivables:		
State Sources	0	293,436
Federal Sources	83,327	83,327
Prepaid Expenditures	2,689	2,689
Due From Other Funds	0	67,832
Total Assets	<u><u>\$395,701</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,874,415</u></u>
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$960	\$185,409
Due To Other Funds	67,832	67,832
Salaries & Benefits Payable	58,991	505,542
Unspent Grant Allocation	15,495	15,495
Total Liabilities	<u><u>143,278</u></u>	<u><u>774,278</u></u>
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable	0	0
Restricted:		
Special Programs	252,423	287,492
Debt Service	0	1,122,571
Capital Projects	0	0
Unassigned	0	1,690,074
Total Fund Balances	<u><u>252,423</u></u>	<u><u>3,100,137</u></u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u><u>\$395,701</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,874,415</u></u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

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**Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position
of Governmental Activities**

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$3,100,137
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	13,851,664
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Receivables in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are recognized as revenue when available in the funds.	340,000
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Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(17,380,768)
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Pension deferred outflows/inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	817,464
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Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$728,497</u></u>
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WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -
Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

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	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Bond R & I Fund	Capital Construction Fund
Revenues				
Local Revenue	\$331,025	\$83,172	\$60,891	\$46,368
State Revenue	5,573,676			
Federal Revenue	538	203,274		
Total Revenues	<u>5,905,239</u>	<u>286,446</u>	<u>60,891</u>	<u>46,368</u>
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	1,592,255			
Secondary School	944,113			
Special Education	8,327			
Special Education Preschool				
Gifted & Talented				
School Activity	27,241			
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				
Instruction Improvement				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Books and Periodicals	29,641			
Board of Education	19,139			
District Administration	31,607			
School Administration	930,117			
Business Operation	9,078			
Administrative Technology				
Buildings - Care	269,529			
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment	72,960			
Maintenance - Grounds	23,989			
Security	14,424			
Pupil-To-School Transportation	282,757			
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition		339,381		
Student Activity				
Capital Assets				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	420,728			3,467,077
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest			908,063	
Total Expenditures	<u>4,675,905</u>	<u>339,381</u>	<u>908,063</u>	<u>3,467,077</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,229,334	(52,935)	(847,172)	(3,420,709)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In		10,027	818,187	
Transfers Out	(1,012,361)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,012,361)</u>	<u>10,027</u>	<u>818,187</u>	<u>0</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	216,973	(42,908)	(28,985)	(3,420,709)
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,473,101	77,977	1,151,556	3,420,709
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$1,690,074</u>	<u>\$35,069</u>	<u>\$1,122,571</u>	<u>\$0</u>

See Accompanying Notes

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -
Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

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	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		
Local Revenue	\$241,802	\$763,258
State Revenue	113,595	5,687,271
Federal Revenue	891,716	1,095,528
Total Revenues	<u>1,247,113</u>	<u>7,546,057</u>
Expenditures		
Instructional Programs		
Elementary School	139,666	1,731,921
Secondary School	0	944,113
Special Education	895,338	903,665
Special Education Preschool	1,834	1,834
Gifted & Talented	0	0
School Activity	0	27,241
Support Service Programs		
Attendance - Guidance - Health	18,293	18,293
Instruction Improvement	30,454	30,454
Instruction-Related Technology	101,307	101,307
Books and Periodicals	0	29,641
Board of Education	0	19,139
District Administration	0	31,607
School Administration	0	930,117
Business Operation	0	9,078
Administrative Technology	0	0
Buildings - Care	0	269,529
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	0	0
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment	0	72,960
Maintenance - Grounds	0	23,989
Security	0	14,424
Pupil-To-School Transportation	0	282,757
Non-Instructional Programs		
Child Nutrition	0	339,381
Student Activity	83,910	83,910
Capital Assets	0	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	3,887,805
Debt Service - Principal	0	0
Debt Service - Interest	0	908,063
Total Expenditures	<u>1,270,802</u>	<u>10,661,228</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(23,689)	(3,115,171)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers In	184,147	1,012,361
Transfers Out	0	(1,012,361)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>184,147</u>	<u>0</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	160,458	(3,115,171)
Fund Balances - Beginning	91,965	6,215,308
Fund Balances - Ending	<u><u>\$252,423</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,100,137</u></u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -
Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

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**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of
Activities**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (\$3,115,171)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of
activities are different because:

Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in
the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their
estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or allocated over the
appropriate term as amortization expense. This is the excess of capital
outlays over (under) depreciation/amortization expense in the current
period. 3,480,721

Repayment of long-term liability principal is an expenditure in the
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in
the statement of net position. (10,400)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current
financial resources are recognized when available in the funds. 340,000

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on long-term debt, but
the expenditure is reported when due in the governmental funds. 0

Changes in net pension asset/liability and related pension deferred
outflows/inflows do not provide or require current financial resources
and therefore are not reflected in the funds. (193,808)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$501,342

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity – White Pine Charter School (the School) is organized as a nonprofit corporation providing public charter school educational services as authorized by Section 33 of Idaho Code.

Idaho Code Section 33-5210(3) requires charter schools to comply with the same financial reporting requirements imposed on school districts, i.e. – on a governmental, rather than nonprofit, basis of accounting. Additionally, enabling legislation creates charter schools as public entities, i.e. – as public schools, subject to provisions common with other governmental entities as set forth in Idaho Code Section 33-5204. Accordingly, the School's basis of presentation follows the governmental, rather than nonprofit, reporting model.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to charter schools. The governmental accounting standards board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School are discussed below.

Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements – The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Currently, all the School's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues as reported in the statement of activities. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation when recorded) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Internal activity between funds (when two or more funds are involved) is eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues.

The School reports expenditures in accordance with the State Department of Education's "Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System" (IFARMS). IFARMS categorizes all expenditures by function, program and object. Accordingly, there is no allocation of indirect costs.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Fiduciary funds, when present, are not included in the government-wide statements.

Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements – The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the funds) for the determination of major funds.

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Major governmental funds of the School include:

General Fund – The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Major special revenue funds include the child nutrition fund, which serves to account for providing nutritional meals to students (including subsidized meals).

Debt Service Funds – Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long term debt. Major debt service funds include the bond redemption and interest fund, which accounts for accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on long term debt.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition of capital assets. Major capital project funds include the capital construction fund, used to account for capital projects.

Basis of Accounting – Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Activities in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or within thirty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt which, if any, are recognized when due and payable.

Cash and Investments – Nearly all the cash and investment balances of the School's funds are pooled for investment purposes. The individual funds' portions of the pooled cash and investments are reported in each fund as cash and investments. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's respective investment balance. Investments include the local government investment pool, reported and measured at amortized cost following the provisions of GASB 79 which provide for consistent measurement of investment value amongst pool participants. Investments also include U.S. government securities and are stated at fair value using quoted market prices (Level 1).

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

Receivables – Receivables are reported net of any estimated uncollectible amounts.

Inventories – Material supplies on hand at year end are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out method.

Capital Assets and Depreciation – Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation over the estimated useful lives of depreciable assets is recorded using the straight line method.

Leases/SBITAs and Amortization – Material long-term leases and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) are reported in accordance with the provisions of GASB 87 *Leases* and GASB 96 *SBITAs*. When incurred, amortization over the appropriate lease or SBITA term is recorded using the straight-line method.

Compensated Absences – The School provides certain compensated absences to its employees. The estimated amount of compensation for future amounts is deemed to be immaterial and, accordingly, no liability is recorded. Compensated absences will be paid by the fund in which the employee works.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – The School does not provide benefits to retired employees other than retirement benefits funded through the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho. However, certain retired employees can remain on the School insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the average monthly cost. The difference between the age-adjusted monthly cost and the average monthly cost is referred to as an “implicit subsidy” since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. GASB 75 requires that employers have actuarial calculations performed for these other post-employment benefits so that an asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses can be recorded in the government-wide financial statements and related notes and required supplementary information can be prepared. Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 cannot be justified at this time. Accordingly, the School accounts for the other-post employment benefits for retirees on the pay-as-you-go basis. Other post-employment benefits will be paid by the fund in which the employee works.

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability and pension revenue/expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (the Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Base Plan’s fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Pension obligations will be paid by the fund in which the employee works.

Net Position – Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, and other parties. All other net position not reported as restricted or net investment in capital assets is reported as unrestricted.

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

Fund Balance Classifications – Restrictions of the fund balance indicate portions that are legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Nonspendable portions of the fund balance are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Committed portions represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action (i.e. board approval) of the reporting entity's governing body. Assigned portions represent amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Remaining fund balances are reported as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either restricted or unrestricted resources, the School first utilizes restricted resources. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either committed or assigned or unassigned resources, the School first utilizes committed resources then assigned resources before using unassigned resources.

Income Taxes – The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code except for income, if any, derived from unrelated business activities. The School's tax returns for the current year and prior two years are subject to examination by the IRS and state tax authorities, generally for three years after they are filed.

Contingent Liabilities – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Interfund Activity – Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Custodial Credit Risk – The School maintains its cash at insured financial institutions. Periodically, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The School does not have a formal policy concerning custodial credit risk.

Risk Management – The School is exposed to various risks related to its operations. Insurance is utilized to the extent practical to minimize these risks.

Nonmonetary Transactions – Items received via food commodities programs are recognized at their stated fair market value.

Subsequent Events – Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

B. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments consist of the following at year end:

Cash - Deposits	\$426,441
Investments - Local Gov't Investment Pool	1,878,119
Investments - U.S. Government Securities	1,122,571
Total	<u><u>\$3,427,131</u></u>

Deposits – At year end, the carrying amounts of the School's deposits were \$426,441 and the bank balances were \$478,060. Of the bank balances, \$250,000 was insured and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Considerations for interest rate risk and credit rate risk relating to investments are shown below.

Interest rate risk:

Investment Type	Investment Maturity Schedule (In Years)	
	Less Than 1	Total
Local Gov't Invest Pool	\$1,878,119	\$1,878,119
U.S. Gov't Securities	1,122,571	1,122,571
Total	<u><u>\$3,000,690</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,000,690</u></u>

Credit rate risk (Moody's rating scale):

Investment Type	Investment Rating Schedule		
	AAA	Not Rated	Total
Local Gov't Invest Pool		\$1,878,119	\$1,878,119
U.S. Gov't Securities	\$1,122,571		1,122,571
Total	<u><u>\$1,122,571</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,878,119</u></u>	<u><u>\$3,000,690</u></u>

Investments – State statutes authorize government entities to invest in certain bonds, notes, accounts, investment pools, and other obligations of the state, U.S. Government, and U.S. corporations pursuant to Idaho Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A. These statutes are designed to help minimize the custodial risk that deposits may not be returned in the event of the failure of the issuer or other counterparty, interest rate risk resulting from fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, or credit risks that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The School's investment policy complies with state statutes.

The local government investment pool is managed by the state treasurer's office and is invested in accordance with state statutes and regulations. The local government investment pool is not registered with the SEC and is a short-term investment pool. The state treasurer's office investment policy for the local government investment pool includes the following three primary objectives in order of priority: safety, liquidity, and yield. Participants have overnight availability to their funds, up to \$10 million. Withdrawals of \$10 million or more require three business days' notification. More information on the local governmental investment pool including regulatory information, ratings, and risk information can be found at www.sto.idaho.gov.

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at year end:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Total
State Sources			
Foundation Program	\$293,436		\$293,436
Total	<u>\$293,436</u>		<u>\$293,436</u>
Federal Sources			
Special Programs		\$83,327	\$83,327
Total		<u>\$83,327</u>	<u>\$83,327</u>

RPA Receivable – The School has a reimbursement participation agreement (RPA) with Ammon Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) for certain project costs incurred during construction of the School’s facilities. Per the RPA, the Agency agrees to reimburse the School a total of \$356,000 (subject to funds being available) using a reimbursement schedule calling for annual payments of \$16,000 on or before September 30th of each year (commencing September 30, 2024) and with a final payment of \$100,000 on or before September 30, 2041.

Maturities on the RPA receivable are estimated as follows:

Year Ended	
6/30/26	\$16,000
6/30/27	16,000
6/30/28	16,000
6/30/29	16,000
6/30/30	16,000
6/30/31-35	80,000
6/30/36-40	80,000
6/30/41-42	100,000
Total	<u>340,000</u>
RPA Receivable, Current	<u>16,000</u>
RPA Receivable, Noncurrent	<u>\$324,000</u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$906,242			\$906,242
Construction in Progress	6,667,878	\$3,467,077	\$10,134,955	0
Total	<u>7,574,120</u>	<u>3,467,077</u>	<u>10,134,955</u>	<u>906,242</u>
Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets				
Buildings	4,474,686	10,527,959	105,000	14,897,645
Equipment	269,219	27,724		296,943
Leased Buildings	323,375		323,375	0
Subtotal	<u>5,067,280</u>	<u>10,555,683</u>	<u>428,375</u>	<u>15,194,588</u>
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	1,819,441	295,896	14,000	2,101,337
Equipment	127,641	20,188		147,829
Subtotal	<u>1,947,082</u>	<u>316,084</u>	<u>14,000</u>	<u>2,249,166</u>
Accumulated Amortization				
Leased Buildings	323,375		323,375	0
Subtotal	<u>323,375</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>323,375</u>	<u>0</u>
Total	<u>2,796,823</u>	<u>10,239,599</u>	<u>91,000</u>	<u>12,945,422</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$10,370,943</u>	<u>\$13,706,676</u>	<u>\$10,225,955</u>	<u>\$13,851,664</u>

Depreciation expense of \$316,084 was charged to the capital assets program.

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

E. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Bonded Debt - At year end, the School's bonded debt was as follows:

	<u>Outstanding</u>
2023A - \$14,010,000 - facilities revenue bonds (tax exempt) for capital improvements due in semiannual installments with interest at 5.25% - 5.75% through 2058, secured by real estate, paid through the bond redemption and interest fund	\$14,010,000
2023B - \$1,230,000 - facilities revenue bonds (taxable) for capital improvements due in semiannual installments with interest at 6.46% through 2033, secured by real estate, paid through the bond redemption and interest fund	1,230,000
Total	<u><u>\$15,240,000</u></u>

Maturities on the bonds, exclusive of annual fees, are estimated as follows:

<u>Year Ended</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
6/30/26	\$0	\$872,108
6/30/27	95,000	872,108
6/30/28	180,000	865,971
6/30/29	190,000	854,343
6/30/30	205,000	842,069
6/30/31-35	1,250,000	3,999,036
6/30/36-40	1,640,000	3,618,251
6/30/41-45	2,155,000	3,117,763
6/30/46-50	2,860,000	2,428,514
6/30/51-55	3,800,000	1,504,202
6/30/56-58	2,865,000	335,801
Total	<u><u>\$15,240,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$19,310,166</u></u>

Changes in long-term liabilities are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
2023A F.R. Bonds	\$14,010,000			\$14,010,000	\$0
2023B F.R. Bonds	1,230,000			1,230,000	0
Bond Discount	(353,600)		(\$10,400)	(343,200)	(\$10,400)
Net Pension Liability	2,625,174		286,557	2,338,617	-
Total	<u><u>\$17,511,574</u></u>	<u><u>\$0</u></u>	<u><u>\$276,157</u></u>	<u><u>\$17,235,417</u></u>	<u><u>(\$10,400)</u></u>

Interest and related costs during the year amounted to \$918,463 and were charged to the debt service – interest program.

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

G. PENSION PLAN

Plan description

The School contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and employer contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 74% for public safety. As of June 30, 2024 it was 6.71% for general employees and 9.83% for public safety. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.18% for general employees and 13.26% for public safety. The School's contributions were \$394,941 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

Pension asset/liabilities, pension revenue (expense), and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2025, the School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2024, the School's proportion was 0.06251908%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School recognized pension revenue (expense) of (\$588,749). At June 30, 2025, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$372,329	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	92,644	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		\$42,450
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	394,941	
Total	\$859,914	\$42,450

\$394,941 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the pension revenue (expense) in the year ending June 30, 2026.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2023 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2024 is 4.6 and 4.6 for the measurement period June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue (expense) as follows:

Year Ended	
6/30/26	(\$115,425)
6/30/27	(436,041)
6/30/28	75,194
6/30/29	53,748
Total	(\$422,524)

Actuarial assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases including inflation	3.05%
Investment rate of return, net of investment expenses	6.35%
Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments	1.00%

Contributing members, service retirement members, and beneficiaries

General Employees and All Beneficiaries - Males	Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 11%
General Employees and All Beneficiaries - Females	Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 21%
Teachers - Males	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 12%
Teachers - Females	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 21%
Fire & Police - Males	Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 21%
Fire & Police - Females	Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 26%
	5% of Fire & Police active member deaths are assumed to be duty related. This assumption was adopted July 1, 2021.
Disabled Members - Males	Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 38%
Disabled Members - Females	Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 36%

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2024 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2024.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

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Notes to Financial Statements

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2024.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	0%	0.00%
Large Cap	18%	4.50%
Small/Mid Cap	11%	4.70%
International Equity	15%	4.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	10%	4.90%
Domestic Fixed	20%	-0.25%
TIPS	10%	-0.30%
Real Estate	8%	3.75%
Private Equity	8%	6.00%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.35 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	(5.35%)	(6.35%)	(7.35%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$4,444,100</u>	<u>\$2,338,617</u>	<u>\$618,973</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Notes to Financial Statements

Impact on the School's net position

Depending on the annual performance of the Base Plan and the various non-financial factors that affect the collective Base Plan net pension liability (as described above), the School may periodically experience a deficit in its net position. This can occur as a result of recording the School's allocable portion of the net pension liability which is an estimated liability that changes substantially from year to year depending on the factors described above but does not currently require cash outflows. As the net pension liability of the Base Plan is closely monitored by PERSI's board (who makes changes to the contribution rates and other terms of the Base Plan when deemed necessary), such deficits are not deemed to be of substantial concern.

H. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at year end consist of the following:

		Due From Fund	
		Nonmajor	
		Governmental	Total
Due To Fund			
General		\$67,832	\$67,832
Total		\$67,832	\$67,832

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between when expenditures are incurred in a fund and when the fund is reimbursed for such expenditures.

Interfund transfers during the year consist of the following:

Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out	Purpose
General		\$1,012,361	Support, Benefits, Debt Service
Child Nutrition	\$10,027		Benefits
Bond Redemption & Interest	818,187		Debt Service
Nonmajor Governmental	184,147		Support
Total	<u>\$1,012,361</u>	<u>\$1,012,361</u>	

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule -
 General and Major Special Revenue Funds
 Year Ended June 30, 2025

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General Fund	Budgeted Amounts (GAAP Basis)		Actual Amounts	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local Revenue	\$150,500	\$241,700	\$331,025	\$89,325
State Revenue	5,455,980	5,478,580	5,573,676	95,096
Federal Revenue	0	0	538	538
Total Revenues	<u>5,606,480</u>	<u>5,720,280</u>	<u>5,905,239</u>	<u>184,959</u>
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School	1,549,800	1,551,000	1,592,255	(41,255)
Secondary School	988,400	968,900	944,113	24,787
Special Education	113,000	98,400	8,327	90,073
Special Education Preschool	0	0	0	0
Gifted & Talented	0	0	0	0
School Activity	30,500	30,500	27,241	3,259
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health	0	0	0	0
Instruction Improvement	0	0	0	0
Instruction-Related Technology	0	0	0	0
Books and Periodicals	46,200	39,400	29,641	9,759
Board of Education	19,800	18,300	19,139	(839)
District Administration	36,300	36,300	31,607	4,693
School Administration	851,700	892,700	930,117	(37,417)
Business Operation	6,000	9,000	9,078	(78)
Administrative Technology	0	0	0	0
Buildings - Care	291,800	315,500	269,529	45,971
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment	78,900	85,100	72,960	12,140
Maintenance - Grounds	17,500	17,500	23,989	(6,489)
Security	10,000	12,900	14,424	(1,524)
Pupil-To-School Transportation	255,000	275,625	282,757	(7,132)
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition	0	0	0	0
Student Activity	0	0	0	0
Capital Assets	0	0	0	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	100,000	175,000	420,728	(245,728)
Debt Service - Principal	0	0	0	0
Debt Service - Interest	781,200	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	<u>5,176,100</u>	<u>4,526,125</u>	<u>4,675,905</u>	<u>(149,780) *</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	430,380	1,194,155	1,229,334	35,179
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(267,530)	(1,032,500)	(1,012,361)	20,139 *
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(267,530)</u>	<u>(1,032,500)</u>	<u>(1,012,361)</u>	<u>20,139</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>162,850</u>	<u>161,655</u>	<u>216,973</u>	<u>55,318</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>1,222,428</u>	<u>1,473,101</u>	<u>1,473,101</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$1,385,278</u>	<u>\$1,634,756</u>	<u>\$1,690,074</u>	<u>\$55,318</u>

*Total expenditures (over) under appropriations are: (\$129,641)

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule -
 General and Major Special Revenue Funds
 Year Ended June 30, 2025

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	Budgeted Amounts (GAAP Basis)		Actual Amounts	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)
Child Nutrition Fund	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local Revenue	\$81,400	\$81,400	\$83,172	\$1,772
Federal Revenue	164,000	188,000	203,274	15,274
Total Revenues	<u>245,400</u>	<u>269,400</u>	<u>286,446</u>	<u>17,046</u>
Expenditures				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition	325,700	345,800	339,381	6,419
Total Expenditures	<u>325,700</u>	<u>345,800</u>	<u>339,381</u>	<u>6,419 *</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(80,300)	(76,400)	(52,935)	23,465
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	27,230	11,000	10,027	(973)
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0 *
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>27,230</u>	<u>11,000</u>	<u>10,027</u>	<u>(973)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>(53,070)</u>	<u>(65,400)</u>	<u>(42,908)</u>	<u>22,492</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>53,070</u>	<u>77,977</u>	<u>77,977</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$12,577</u>	<u>\$35,069</u>	<u>\$22,492</u>
<i>*Total expenditures (over) under appropriations are:</i>				<u><u>\$6,419</u></u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Asset and Liability
and Schedule of Employer Contributions
PERSI - Base Plan

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Asset and Liability*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Employer's Portion of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportional Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension (Asset) Liability
2016	0.04067890%	\$535,675	\$1,155,718	46.35%	91.38%
2017	0.04143730%	\$839,998	\$1,211,906	69.31%	87.26%
2018	0.03962360%	\$622,815	\$1,107,709	56.23%	90.68%
2019	0.04412430%	\$650,841	\$1,419,639	45.85%	91.69%
2020	0.04918890%	\$561,478	\$1,670,656	33.61%	93.79%
2021	0.06250450%	\$1,451,437	\$2,230,645	65.07%	88.22%
2022	0.06350107%	(\$50,152)	\$2,183,945	-2.30%	100.36%
2023	0.06781648%	\$2,671,127	\$2,817,069	94.82%	83.09%
2024	0.06578278%	\$2,625,174	\$2,721,826	96.45%	83.83%
2025	0.06251908%	\$2,338,617	\$2,691,064	86.90%	85.54%

*As of the measurement date of the net pension (asset) liability.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016	\$137,188	\$137,188	\$0	\$1,211,906	11.32%
2017	\$125,393	\$125,393	\$0	\$1,107,709	11.32%
2018	\$160,703	\$160,703	\$0	\$1,419,639	11.32%
2019	\$189,118	\$189,118	\$0	\$1,670,656	11.32%
2020	\$266,339	\$266,339	\$0	\$2,230,645	11.94%
2021	\$260,763	\$260,763	\$0	\$2,183,945	11.94%
2022	\$336,358	\$336,358	\$0	\$2,817,069	11.94%
2023	\$324,986	\$324,986	\$0	\$2,721,826	11.94%
2024	\$341,496	\$341,496	\$0	\$2,691,064	12.69%
2025	\$394,941	\$394,941	\$0	\$2,929,829	13.48%

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

Page 1 of 3

	Special Revenue Funds			Title I-A ESSA IBP
	Student Activity	Technology	Substance Abuse	
Assets				
Cash & Investments	\$233,677	\$19,706		
Receivables:				
State Sources				
Federal Sources				\$38,872
Prepaid Expenditures				
Due From Other Funds				
Total Assets	<u>\$233,677</u>	<u>\$19,706</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$38,872</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$960			
Due To Other Funds				\$31,315
Salaries & Benefits Payable				
Unspent Grant Allocation				7,557
Total Liabilities	<u>960</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>38,872</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Restricted:				
Special Programs	232,717	19,706		
Debt Service				
Capital Projects				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	<u>232,717</u>	<u>19,706</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$233,677</u>	<u>\$19,706</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$38,872</u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

Page 2 of 3

	Special Revenue Funds			
	IDEA Part B 611 School Age 3-21	IDEA Part B 619 Pre-School Age 3-5	School Based Medicaid	Title IV-A ESSA SS&AE
Assets				
Cash & Investments			\$56,302	
Receivables:				
State Sources				
Federal Sources	\$28,799	\$1,834		\$5,113
Prepaid Expenditures			2,689	
Due From Other Funds				
Total Assets	<u>\$28,799</u>	<u>\$1,834</u>	<u>\$58,991</u>	<u>\$5,113</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				
Due To Other Funds	\$28,799	\$1,834		\$3,684
Salaries & Benefits Payable			\$58,991	
Unspent Grant Allocation				1,429
Total Liabilities	<u>28,799</u>	<u>1,834</u>	<u>58,991</u>	<u>5,113</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				
Restricted:				
Special Programs				
Debt Service				
Capital Projects				
Unassigned				
Total Fund Balances	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$28,799</u>	<u>\$1,834</u>	<u>\$58,991</u>	<u>\$5,113</u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

Page 3 of 3

	Special Revenue Funds			Total
	IDEA Mini Grant	Title II-A ESSA SEI	Federal Special Projects	
Assets				
Cash & Investments				\$309,685
Receivables:				
State Sources				0
Federal Sources	\$3,178	\$5,531		83,327
Prepaid Expenditures				2,689
Due From Other Funds				0
Total Assets	<u>\$3,178</u>	<u>\$5,531</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$395,701</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				\$960
Due To Other Funds	\$1,704	\$496		67,832
Salaries & Benefits Payable				58,991
Unspent Grant Allocation	1,474	5,035		15,495
Total Liabilities	<u>3,178</u>	<u>5,531</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>143,278</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable				0
Restricted:				
Special Programs				252,423
Debt Service				0
Capital Projects				0
Unassigned				0
Total Fund Balances	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>252,423</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$3,178</u>	<u>\$5,531</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$395,701</u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Page 1 of 3

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Student Activity	Technology	Substance Abuse	Title I-A ESSA IBP
Revenues				
Local Revenue	\$241,802			
State Revenue		\$103,873	\$9,722	
Federal Revenue				\$118,280
Total Revenues	<u>241,802</u>	<u>103,873</u>	<u>9,722</u>	<u>118,280</u>
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				118,280
Secondary School				
Special Education				
Special Education Preschool				
Gifted & Talented				
School Activity				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health			9,722	
Instruction Improvement				
Instruction-Related Technology		101,307		
Books and Periodicals				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Administrative Technology				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Security				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Student Activity	83,910			
Capital Assets				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	<u>83,910</u>	<u>101,307</u>	<u>9,722</u>	<u>118,280</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	157,892	2,566	0	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>157,892</u>	<u>2,566</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>74,825</u>	<u>17,140</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$232,717</u>	<u>\$19,706</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Page 2 of 3

	Special Revenue Funds			
	IDEA Part B 611 School Age 3-21	IDEA Part B 619 Pre-School Age 3-5	School Based Medicaid	Title IV-A ESSA SS&AE
Revenues				
Local Revenue				
State Revenue				
Federal Revenue	\$124,134	\$1,834	\$584,811	\$8,571
Total Revenues	<u>124,134</u>	<u>1,834</u>	<u>584,811</u>	<u>8,571</u>
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				
Secondary School				
Special Education	124,134		768,958	
Special Education Preschool		1,834		
Gifted & Talented				
School Activity				
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				8,571
Instruction Improvement				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Books and Periodicals				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Administrative Technology				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Security				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Student Activity				
Capital Assets				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	<u>124,134</u>	<u>1,834</u>	<u>768,958</u>	<u>8,571</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	0	0	(184,147)	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In			184,147	
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>184,147</u>	<u>0</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Page 3 of 3

	Special Revenue Funds			Total
	IDEA Mini Grant	Title II-A ESSA SEI	Federal Special Projects	
Revenues				
Local Revenue				\$241,802
State Revenue				113,595
Federal Revenue	\$2,246	\$19,809	\$32,031	891,716
Total Revenues	<u>2,246</u>	<u>19,809</u>	<u>32,031</u>	<u>1,247,113</u>
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School			21,386	139,666
Secondary School				0
Special Education	2,246			895,338
Special Education Preschool				1,834
Gifted & Talented				0
School Activity				0
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				18,293
Instruction Improvement		19,809	10,645	30,454
Instruction-Related Technology				101,307
Books and Periodicals				0
Board of Education				0
District Administration				0
School Administration				0
Business Operation				0
Administrative Technology				0
Buildings - Care				0
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				0
Maintenance - Buildings & Equipment				0
Maintenance - Grounds				0
Security				0
Pupil-To-School Transportation				0
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				0
Student Activity				83,910
Capital Assets				0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				0
Debt Service - Principal				0
Debt Service - Interest				0
Total Expenditures	<u>2,246</u>	<u>19,809</u>	<u>32,031</u>	<u>1,270,802</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	0	0	0	(23,689)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				184,147
Transfers Out				0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>184,147</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>160,458</u>
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>91,965</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$252,423</u>

WHITE PINE CHARTER SCHOOL

Bond Covenant Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Coverage Ratio		
Item	Amount	Source (Pg # of Audited Finan Stmts)
<i>Aggregate Net Income Available for Debt Service</i>		
Change in Net Position	\$501,342	Statement of Activities (6)
Add back:		
Interest Expense	\$918,463	Notes to Financial Statements (20)
Depreciation Expense	\$316,084	Notes to Financial Statements (18)
Non-Cash Pension Adjustment	\$193,808	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, ... Reconciliation (12)
Aggregate Net Income Available for Debt Service	\$1,929,697	A
<i>Aggregate Debt Service Under Loan Agreement</i>		
Debt Service - Principal	\$0	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, ... (11)
Debt Service - Interest	\$908,063	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, ... (11)
Aggregate Debt Service Under Loan Agreement	\$908,063	B
Coverage Ratio	2.13	A / B

Liquidity Ratio		
Item	Amount	Source (Pg # of Audited Finan Stmts)
<i>Operating Expenses</i>		
Total Expenditures	\$10,661,228	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, ... (11)
Less: Non-Operating Items		
Capital Expenditures	(\$3,887,805)	Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied (11)
Debt Service - Principal	\$0	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, ... (11)
Operating Expenses	\$6,773,423	C
Daily Operating Expenses	\$18,557	D = (C / 365 Days)
<i>Unrestricted Cash & Investments</i>		
Cash	\$426,441	Notes to Financial Statements (17)
Investments	\$1,878,119	Notes to Financial Statements (17)
Unrestricted Cash & Investments	\$2,304,560	E
Liquidity Ratio	124 Days	E / D



**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

Board of Directors
White Pine Charter School

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the White Pine Charter School (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 6, 2025. In our report, we expressed a qualified opinion on the governmental activities as management has elected not to adopt the provisions of GASB 75 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the

determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Quest CPAs PLLC

Meridian, Idaho
August 6, 2025